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Research Article

Parent progeny regression analysis in segregating generations of drought QTLs pyramided rice lines (*Oryza sativa* L.)

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Abstract

The present study was undertaken to estimate the effectiveness of selection for the yield and yield contributing traits in the BC_2F_3 and BC_2F_4 generations of drought QTL introgressed progenies of Improved White Ponni (IWP) x Apo. A positively skewed and negatively skewed platykurtic curve was observed in many of the traits in both generations indicating the influence of a large number of genes. Significant and positive intergenerational correlation and regression coefficient values were obtained for all the yield contributing characters indicating that selection can be done in these generations for isolating superior genotypes. Narrow sense heritability estimates obtained high values for the traits days to 50 per cent flowering, the number of productive tillers, filled grains per panicle and single plant yield indicating that selection will be effective for these traits in these early generations.

Key words: Drought, parent progeny, regression, skewness, kurtosis, intergenerational correlation, heritability

INTRODUCTION

The majority of the world's food consumption is based on rice diet and its productivity is severely affected due to frequent droughts in recent years (Khan et al., 2021) which requires the development of drought tolerant varieties to secure food availability in the future. Drought is the main abiotic stress in rice crops (Rasheed et al., 2020). More regions are expected to become drought prone in the future in India and the percentage of drought risk areas in India, China and Japan are estimated to be above 55% (Guo et al., 2021). Marker assisted selection (MAS) is a quick, effective and economical approach to improve drought tolerance in rice. The availability of elite lines with heritable target traits and the assessment of the stability of the pyramided genes evaluated in field experiments provide a better avenue for drought tolerance breeding in rice (Rasheed et al., 2020). Drought tolerance, governed by many complex traits, is

linked to many undesirable traits like a late flowering, tallness, low tillers and reduced yield. For example, the drought QTL qDTY3.1 is known to affect the yield under non-stress conditions (Dixit et al., 2014). The high yielding ability under non-stress conditions is a desirable trait in drought tolerance because the plants with high yield and drought tolerance could produce relatively better yield under drought stress. Hence, selection for high yield in the earlier generations is necessary for achieving the target of yield improvement under drought tolerance. A high mean with a large amount of variation in the segregating generations is needed for the development of elite cultivars (Govintharaj et al., 2017). Hence, to know the association and heritability of the traits contributing to yield in the drought QTLs introgressed segregating population of rice, parent progeny regression analysis was carried out.

chaffy grains per panicle, panicle length and thousand

grain weight were intermediate between both parents

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Improved White Ponni (IWP) is a medium duration, popular rice variety of Tamil Nadu due to its fine grains and good cooking quality but it is drought susceptible. APO is an upland rice variety identified to harbour the QTLs qDTY1.1, qDTY2.1, qDTY3.1, and was used as the donor for improving the drought tolerance of IWP. The QTLs viz., qDTY1.1, qDTY2.1, qDTY3.1 contribute for grain yield up to 58 per cent (Venuprasad et al., 2012), 16.3 per cent and 30.7 per cent, genetic variation, respectively (Venuprasad et al., 2009). In this study, foreground selection for all the three QTLs was done in a total of 195 progenies belonging to 65 families in the BC₂F₂ generation. Fifty one positive homozygous plants identified were forwarded to $BC_{2}F_{4}$ generation by selfing. Quantitative traits viz., days to 50 per cent flowering (DFF), plant height (PH), the number of productive tillers per plant (PT), the number of filled grains per panicle(FG), the number of chaffy grains per panicle(CG), panicle length(PL), grain yield(Yld) and thousand grain weight (TGW) were recorded on five plants and their average values were taken for analyses. Intergenerational correlation and parent progeny regression analyses were done using Origin software version 10. The mean values were used for calculating skewness and kurtosis using Microsoft excel and graphs using R software to understand gene interactions.

Narrow sense heritability (Smith and Kinman, 1965)

$$h^2 = \frac{byx}{2rxy} \ge 100$$

byx= regression coefficient of BC_2F_4 progeny means on BC_2F_3 parental values for respective characters

rxy= Intergenerational correlation coefficient between the parent "x" and its offspring "y"

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Variation in the segregating generations provide opportunities for the selection of superior plants for the traits like earliness with high tillering ability and yield. A wide range of variation was expressed in the BC_2F_3 and BC_2F_4 generations. Mean and range values for the different traits were obtained for parents, BC_2F_3 (**Table 1**) and BC_2F_4 (**Table 2**) generations. Mean values for days to 50 per cent flowering in both generations were intermediate between the parents. Plant height recorded mean closer to the height to Apo parent, whereas for the trait productive tillers the mean values in BC_2F_3 and BC_2F_4 were nearer to the mean value of IWP parent. Mean values of both the generations for the number of filled and

rains while for the trait single plant yield the mean values in BC_2F_3 and BC_2F_4 were highly similar to the IWP parent. r the d as Positive skewness was observed for the traits days to 50

per cent flowering (0.06) and single plant yield (1.09) in BC_2F_3 generation. In BC_2F_4 generation, the traits number of productive tillers (0.59) and single plant yield (0.53) were positively skewed. Similarly, negative skewness was observed for plant height (-0.56), the number of productive tillers (-0.32), number of filled grains per panicle (-0.21), panicle length (-0.27), thousand grain weight (-0.71) in the BC₂F₃ generation and the traits days to 50 per cent flowering (-0.08), plant height (-0.93), the number of filled grains per panicle (-0.31), panicle length (-0.08), thousand grain weight (-0.34) in the $BC_{2}F_{4}$ generation (**Table 3**). In the $BC_{2}F_{3}$ generation, platykurtic curve was observed for the traits days to 50 per cent flowering (kurtosis = 0.14), plant height (kurtosis = -0.14), thousand grain weight (kurtosis = 0.11) and single plant yield (kurtosis = 0.49) and leptokurtic curve was observed for the traits number of filled grains per panicle (kurtosis = -1.31) and panicle length (kurtosis = 1.71). Mesokurtic curve was observed for the number of productive tillers (kurtosis = -0.06) (Fig.1). Similarly, in the BC₂F₄ generation, the traits days to 50 per cent flowering (kurtosis = 0.10), plant height (kurtosis = 0.21), the number of productive tillers (kurtosis = -0.17), the number of filled grains per panicle (kurtosis = -0.76) and panicle length (kurtosis = -0.10), single plant yield (kutosis = 0.19) showed platykurtic curve while thousand grain weight showed leptokurtic curve (Fig.2).

Skewness and Kurtosis are used to analyse the variation in the segregating generations (Nadarajan et al., 2016). Skewness gives information about gene interaction. While skewness values greater than zero indicates the presence of complementary interactions, its value lesser than zero indicates duplicate interactions for the specific traits (Choo and Reinbergs, 1982). Leptokurtic and platykurtic curves indicate the influence of a relatively fewer and larger number of genes in controlling a trait, respectively (Aananthi, 2018). In the present study, a positively skewed and platykurtic curve was observed for days to 50 per cent flowering, chaffy grains per panicle and single plant yield in BC2F3 and for chaffy grains, productive tillers, single plant yield in BC₂F₄ generations. This suggests that these traits are governed by a large number of genes with dominance based gene interactions. Intense selection is needed for faster genetic gains in these traits. Similar findings were reported by Hosagoudar et al. (2018), Harijan et al. (2021) for days to flowering, the number of tillers, days to maturity and yield per plant. The negatively skewed platykurtic curve for the

$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	114.0 96.0 95.0 110.0 112.0 106.0 108.0 108.0 108.0 108.0 107.0	115.0 114 0			grains per panicle	of filled grains per panicle	length (cm)	weight (g)	plant yield (g)
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	114.0 96.0 95.0 110.0 112.0 106.0 108.0 108.0 108.0 108.0 107.0		115.0	23.0	90.0	180.0	21.0	18.5	43.2
3 96 4 95 5 110 6 112 7 106 8 106 9 106 10 106 11 107 12 97 13 106 14 106 17 96 18 97 19 95 20 107 21 95 22 95 23 100 24 108 25 106 26 94 27 118 29 115 30 120 31 116 32 106 33 106 34 108 37 107 38 106 41 106 41 106 41 106	96.0 95.0 110.0 112.0 106.0 108.0 108.0 108.0 108.0 107.0		137.1	19.0	32.5	147.3	22.8	19.5	37.0
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	110.0 112.0 106.0 108.0 108.0 108.0 108.0	96.0	77.7	20.0	41.3	85.0	19.9	19.1	22.0
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	110.0 112.0 106.0 108.0 108.0 108.0 108.0	95.0	77.3	18.0	65.3	96.3	20.9	19.5	18.1
6 112 7 106 8 106 9 106 10 106 11 107 12 97 13 106 14 106 15 106 16 109 17 96 18 97 19 955 20 107 21 955 22 955 23 100 24 108 25 106 26 94 27 118 29 115 30 120 31 116 32 106 33 106 34 108 35 106 36 105 37 107 38 108 39 105 40 105 41 105 44 106 45 105 46 108 47 106	112.0 106.0 108.0 108.0 108.0 108.0	110.0	135.0	20.0	45.0	102.0	23.0	18.5	21.5
7 100 8 100 9 100 10 100 11 107 12 97 13 100 14 100 15 100 16 100 17 96 18 97 19 95 20 107 21 95 23 100 24 108 25 103 26 94 27 118 29 115 30 120 31 116 32 108 33 108 34 108 35 106 36 102 37 107 38 108 39 102 41 102 42 102 43 106 44 102 45 102 46	106.0 108.0 108.0 108.0 107.0	112.0	127.9	17.9	28.6	126.9	22.7	22.0	29.0
8 108 9 108 10 108 11 107 12 97 13 109 14 109 15 109 16 109 17 96 18 97 19 95 20 107 21 95 23 100 24 108 25 109 26 94 27 118 29 119 30 120 31 116 32 108 33 108 34 108 35 106 36 109 37 107 38 108 39 109 40 109 41 109 42 109 43 109 44 109 45 109 46 <td>108.0 108.0 108.0 107.0</td> <td></td> <td>138.0</td> <td>20.0</td> <td>10.0</td> <td>90.0</td> <td>21.0</td> <td>15.2</td> <td>31.7</td>	108.0 108.0 108.0 107.0		138.0	20.0	10.0	90.0	21.0	15.2	31.7
9 106 10 106 11 107 12 97 13 106 14 106 15 106 16 109 17 96 18 97 19 95 20 107 21 95 23 100 24 108 25 106 26 94 27 118 28 116 30 120 31 116 32 106 33 106 34 106 35 106 36 105 37 107 38 106 40 105 41 106 44 106 45 106 46 106 47 106	108.0 108.0 107.0		136.0	16.0	40.0	90.0	21.1	15.7	35.8
10 106 11 107 12 97 13 106 14 106 15 106 16 109 17 96 18 97 19 95 20 107 21 95 22 95 23 100 24 108 25 106 26 94 27 118 29 116 30 120 31 116 32 106 33 106 34 108 35 106 36 105 37 107 38 108 39 105 40 105 41 105 44 106 45 106 46 108 47 106	108.0 107.0		140.0	20.0	31.0	115.0	22.5	19.8	28.8
11 107 12 97 13 105 14 105 15 105 16 105 17 96 18 97 19 955 20 107 21 955 22 955 23 100 24 108 25 105 26 94 27 118 29 115 30 120 31 116 32 106 33 105 34 106 35 106 36 105 39 105 40 105 41 105 44 105 45 105 46 108 47 106	107.0	108.0	143.5	20.9	24.0	123.3	20.8	20.5	35.0
12 97 13 105 14 105 15 105 16 105 17 96 18 97 19 95 20 107 21 95 22 95 23 100 24 108 25 105 26 94 27 118 29 115 30 120 31 116 32 106 33 105 34 108 35 106 36 105 37 107 38 108 39 105 40 105 41 105 42 105 44 105 45 105 46 108 47 106		107.0	139.9	18.9	58.0	97.5	24.0	20.2	20.7
13 105 14 105 15 105 16 105 17 96 18 97 19 95 20 107 21 95 22 95 23 100 24 108 25 105 26 94 27 118 28 116 30 120 31 116 32 106 33 106 34 108 35 106 36 105 37 107 38 108 39 105 40 105 41 105 42 106 43 106 44 105 46 108 47 106	97.0	97.0	96.9	18.4	59.0	87.5	18.0	16.4	23.4
14 105 15 105 16 105 17 96 18 97 19 95 20 107 21 95 22 95 23 100 24 108 25 105 26 94 27 118 28 116 30 120 31 116 32 106 33 106 34 108 35 106 36 105 37 107 38 108 39 105 40 105 41 105 44 106 45 106 46 108 47 106		105.0	139.2	23.1	33.0	135.0	22.4	24.5	44.8
15 103 16 109 17 96 18 97 19 95 20 107 21 95 22 95 23 100 24 108 25 109 26 94 27 118 28 118 29 119 30 120 31 116 32 106 33 106 34 108 35 106 36 109 37 107 38 108 39 106 41 106 44 106 45 108 46 108 47 106		105.0	142.0	18.0	25.0	145.0	27.2	23.5	33.6
16 109 17 96 18 97 19 95 20 107 21 95 22 95 23 100 24 108 25 109 26 94 27 118 28 118 29 119 30 120 31 116 32 106 33 106 34 108 35 106 36 109 37 107 38 108 39 109 40 109 41 109 42 106 44 109 45 109 46 108 47 106		105.0	135.8	21.2	31.0	121.0	23.2	20.3	31.3
1796 18 97 19 95 20 107 21 95 22 95 23 100 24 108 25 105 26 94 27 118 28 118 29 119 30 120 31 116 32 106 34 106 35 106 36 105 38 106 39 105 40 105 41 105 42 105 43 106 44 105 46 108 47 106		109.0	140.0	27.0	80.0	95.0	22.0	14.8	32.8
18 97 19 95 20 107 21 95 22 95 23 100 24 108 25 102 26 94 27 118 28 118 29 119 30 120 31 116 32 108 33 106 34 108 35 106 36 108 39 105 40 105 41 105 42 106 43 106 44 105 46 108 47 106		96.0	142.3	22.5	34.5	145.5	20.9	21.7	30.7
19 95 20 107 21 95 22 95 23 100 24 108 25 100 26 94 27 118 28 118 29 119 30 120 31 116 32 108 33 106 34 108 35 106 36 108 39 106 40 106 41 106 42 106 43 106 44 106 45 106 46 108 47 106		97.0	93.5	15.0	39.5	158.5	23.5	14.5	45.4
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		95.0	91.3	14.1	30.0	85.5	21.6	24.0	25.0
21 95 22 95 23 100 24 108 25 105 26 94 27 118 28 118 29 119 30 120 31 116 32 108 33 105 34 108 35 106 36 105 37 107 38 108 39 105 40 105 41 105 43 106 44 105 45 105 46 108 47 106		107.0	136.8	20.9	20.0	162.0	23.5	19.4	33.1
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		95.0	140.3	21.4	57.3	146.3	22.5	24.4	22.1
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		95.0	93.1	12.3	63.0	122.0	22.9	23.7	27.3
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		100.0	139.6	23.7	83.3	100.5	22.4	21.4	30.4
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		108.0	132.2	22.4	46.7	127.3	21.7	20.6	41.9
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		105.0	77.3	18.7	63.5	95.0	17.0	20.0	26.4
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		94.0	77.4	21.0	57.3	87.5	15.6	17.6	15.1
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		118.0	115.0	13.0	22.0	168.0	20.8	22.6	24.0
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		118.0	125.0	20.0	21.0	190.0	25.0	23.6	19.5
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		119.0	125.0	28.0	29.0	187.0	23.0	21.9	14.9
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		120.0	125.0	20.0	15.0	184.0	22.6	22.9	18.8
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		116.0	112.0	9.0	23.0	122.0	22.3	23.5	18.1
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		108.0	115.0	27.8	37.0	166.3	25.1	21.3	21.6
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		105.0	105.0	27.6	48.0	167.0	19.0	23.0	22.7
35 100 36 105 37 107 38 108 39 105 40 105 41 105 43 106 44 105 45 105 46 108 47 106		108.0	108.0	29.1	30.0	186.3	23.0	24.3	21.6
36 105 37 107 38 108 39 105 40 105 41 105 43 106 44 105 45 108 46 108 47 106		106.0	115.0	28.9	33.0	128.0	24.0	24.1	20.4
37 107 38 108 39 105 40 105 41 105 42 106 43 106 44 105 45 105 46 108 47 106		105.0	110.0	25.2	35.0	157.2	21.6	22.2	22.0
38 108 39 105 40 105 41 105 42 105 43 106 44 105 45 105 46 108 47 106		107.0	116.0	26.5	31.0	151.7	19.0	23.9	22.0
39 105 40 105 41 105 42 105 43 106 44 105 45 105 46 108 47 106		108.0	114.0	23.5	23.0	178.0	29.0	21.3	21.5
40 105 41 105 42 105 43 106 44 105 45 105 46 108 47 106		105.0	108.0	22.5	25.0	176.3	21.0	19.5	18.6
41 105 42 105 43 105 44 105 45 105 46 108 47 106		105.0	122.0	20.0	12.0	143.0	24.5	23.8	15.9
42 105 43 106 44 105 45 105 46 108 47 106		105.0	126.0	25.0	10.0	110.0	22.1	22.0	19.3
43 106 44 105 45 105 46 108 47 106		105.0	117.0	20.0	12.0	114.0	22.1	18.6	19.6
44 105 45 105 46 108 47 106		106.0	115.0	24.0	37.0	175.0	25.8	19.8	23.5
451054610847106		105.0	108.0	24.0	31.0	162.0	25.2	20.5	21.3
46 108 47 106		105.0	110.0	30.5	34.0	173.2	22.7	20.3	21.5
47 106		108.0	110.0	28.0	17.0	166.2	22.0	23.4	22.5
		106.0	109.0	17.0	32.0	164.0	22.0	23.4	22.3
		105.0	119.0	28.0	22.0	158.9	24.3	20.1	20.4
		107.0	109.0	28.6	25.0	146.6	23.8	19.8	22.5
		107.0	109.0	25.5	12.0	140.0	25.0	20.7	22.3
		105.0	116.0	25.5	12.0	173.0	23.1	20.7	20.4
			117.79	21.77	35.64	139.11	24.3	20.85	25.51
			77.3-143.5	9 -30.5	35.64 10 -90	85-190	22.45 15.5 -29	20.65 14.5-24.5	25.51 14.8-45.4
•	05.92								
	05.92 4-120	124 98	147.2 95.7	32.1 18.2	32.7 40.8	211.9 142.4	23.2 31.0	16.2 22.1	25.2 18.6

Table 1. Per se performance of yield and yield contributing traits in the BC_2F_3 progenies

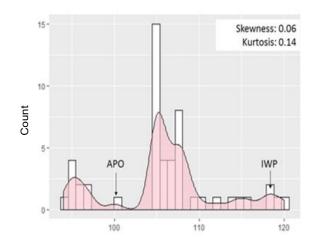
Line number	Days to 50 percent flowering	Plant height (cm)	Number of Productive tillers	Number of chaffy grains per panicle	Number of filled grains per panicle	Panicle length (cm)	1000 grain weight (g)	Single plant yield (g)
1	114.00	97.64	20.20	58.00	177.40	26.87	16.9	48.50
2	113.00	95.20	17.30	48.00	134.40	23.80	20.5	36.83
3	97.00	86.35	17.13	29.00	86.70	22.45	20.1	19.08
4	98.00	79.24	17.50	38.00	100.20	21.90	20.8	21.81
5	108.00	88.00	20.00	58.00	114.50	22.45	19.5	20.00
6	104.00	105.25	21.25	49.00	137.90	24.64	19.5	22.13
7	105.00	102.90	15.60	59.00	125.90	25.68	20.1	30.05
8	106.00	108.46	15.24	29.00	162.18	22.45	21.1	33.57
9	105.00	109.28	16.00	42.00	146.50	25.60	19.6	18.98
10	105.00	105.15	17.20	46.00	100.70	23.87	20.5	35.01
11	105.00	106.16	13.24	63.00	150.24	20.78	19.6	18.09
12	105.00	71.64	20.70	46.00	114.90	18.29	18.9	24.26
13	105.00	110.00	18.00	24.00	161.00	22.50	23.4	38.00
14	102.00	98.28	16.50	41.00	133.80	23.19	22.9	28.00
15	104.00	98.27	17.50	42.00	134.90	24.65	21.6	28.00
16	108.00	61.67	16.67	52.00	94.00	21.58	15.40	30.00
17	97.00	63.25	22.00	54.00	136.50	20.50	20.50	24.25
18	97.00	79.27	14.90	42.00	149.00	24.50	19.6	31.00
19	94.00	82.65	17.70	45.00	100.00	20.46	22.6	17.70
20	108.00	82.00	14.10	22.00	108.00	22.60	18.6	26.40
21	98.00	96.34	16.90	63.00	136.00	23.48	25.4	17.56
22	96.00	81.29	11.90	28.00	118.00	26.40	24.6	11.90
23	102.00	90.89	18.89	52.00	102.00	23.34	20.6	34.51
24	106.00	88.50	16.00	38.00	105.00	23.40	19.6	31.00
25	106.00	73.64	16.80	76.00	106.00	19.70	21.5	16.80
26	98.00	65.25	20.70	60.00	79.00	19.45	15.6	20.70
27	115.00	89.50	9.00	19.00	176.80	23.40	19.4	14.50
28	116.00	86.33	11.67	18.00	134.90	21.70	21.2	14.07
29	115.00	97.00	16.00	24.00	167.50	22.80	19.8	16.75
30	116.00	100.00	18.00	19.00	182.60	26.00	22.1	17.30
31	115.00	92.50	14.50	29.00	145.20	22.60	21.6	21.00
32	109.00	108.98	24.00	19.00	146.30	25.46	20.50	28.57
33	108.00	98.00	18.00	20.00	158.90	21.67	22.40	32.25
34	108.00	97.67	24.00	21.67	167.60	23.54	21.40	21.67
35	110.00	110.56	19.00	20.67	105.60	24.60	20.40	25.33
36	104.00	92.00	28.00	16.00	135.40	20.57	22.50	41.84
37	107.00	109.87	32.00	16.89	164.90	20.54	20.80	20.97
38	107.00	110.58	19.00	15.25	154.90	22.45	23.50	26.50
39	108.00	93.75	21.00	13.25	167.70	21.85	23.50	25.00
40	107.00	102.00	12.00	4.00	136.00	22.30	20.50	37.10
41	106.00	100.00	14.00	15.00	172.00	22.80	21.60	46.30
42	108.00	105.00	16.00	18.00	188.00	24.00	21.50	25.50
43	103.00	108.00	30.00	16.00	167.90	21.24	19.50	31.20
44	105.00	105.24	29.00	14.33	147.10	24.69	21.30	33.21
45	104.00	107.20	27.00	18.24	152.70	22.45	19.80	32.80
46	109.00	100.50	22.00	16.45	147.05	22.65	19.30	30.70
47	105.00	108.24	29.00	17.67	149.10	22.49	20.60	25.90
48	106.00	109.64	27.00	18.33	137.50	23.54	23.40	24.80
49	108.00	108.94	24.00	16.36	134.90	21.87	22.90	27.94
50	105.00	94.40	25.00	17.60	176.80	25.45	21.90	32.35
51	105.00	110.58	26.00	15.00	167.90	24.67	24.40	24.36
Mean	105.78	95.55	19.32	32.21	139.22	22.94	20.88	26.71
Range	94-116	61.6-110.5	9-32	4-76	79-188	18.2-26.8	15.4-25.4	11.9-48.5
IWP	125	128.1	25.4	35.1	209.7	22.9	15.8	27.9
Аро	98	90.5	16.9	68.2	134.8	26.3	21.9	20.2

Table 2. Per se performance of the yield and yield contributing traits in the BC_2F_4 progenies

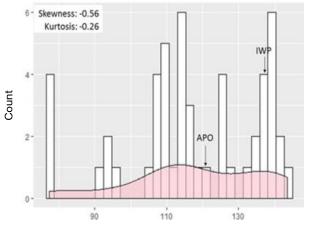
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Table 3. Skewness and Kurtosis values for the quantitative traits in BC_2F_3 and BC_2F_4 progenies

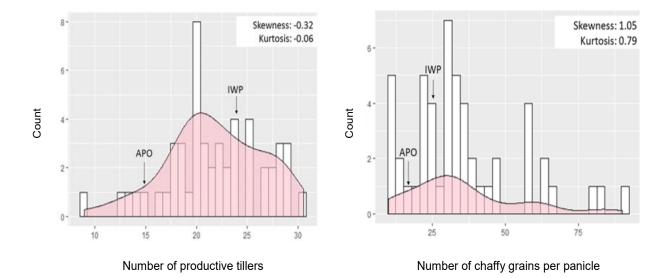
Traits	BC	₂ F ₃	BC_2F_4	
	Skewness	Kurtosis	Skewness	Kurtosis
Days to 50 per cent flowering	0.06	0.14	-0.08	0.10
Plant height	-0.56	-0.26	-0.93	0.21
Number of productive tillers	-0.32	-0.06	0.59	-0.17
Number of chaffy grains per panicle	1.05	0.79	0.62	-0.79
Number of filled grains per panicle	-0.21	-1.31	-0.31	-0.76
Panicle length	-0.27	1.71	-0.08	-0.10
Thousand grain weight	-0.71	0.11	-0.34	1.08
Single plant yield	1.09	0.49	0.53	0.19

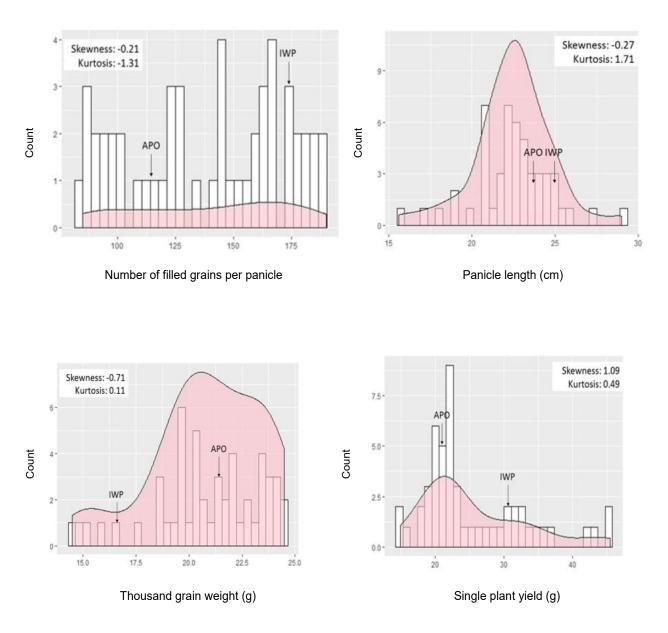


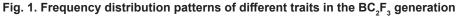
Days to 50 per cent flowering



Plant height (cm)







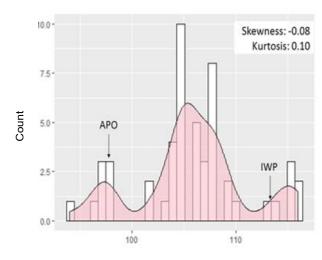
traits plant height and thousand grain weight in the BC₂F₃ generation and plant height, filled grains per panicle, panicle length in BC₂F₄ generation indicated that these traits are under the control of many genes with duplicate gene action. Mild selection will help in achieving faster genetic gain in these traits.

The parent progeny regression analysis was estimated using the mean values of BC_2F_4 individuals on BC_2F_3 for all the traits (**Fig. 3**). The results showed a strong association between the traits in BC_2F_3 and BC_2F_4 generations. Regression coefficients were highly significant (p<0.01) for the traits days to 50 per cent flowering, the number of productive tillers, the number of chaffy grains per panicle, the number of filled grains per panicle, panicle length, thousand grain weight and single plant yield. The maximum regression coefficient was obtained for days to 50 per cent flowering (1.12) followed by the number of productive tillers (0.60), filled grains per panicle (0.52) and single plant yield (0.43) indicating that selection is effective for these traits in these early generations for obtaining high yield along with earliness (**Table 4**). Similar results were obtained for single plant yield by Anilkumar *et al.* (2011), for days to 50 per cent

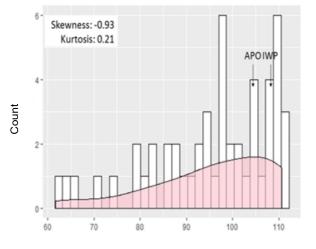
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Table 4. Intergenerational correlation and regression values for the quantitative traits

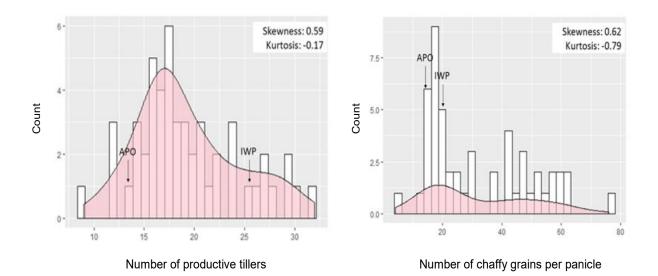
Traits	Correlation coefficient (r)	Regression coefficient (b)	Heritability h² (%)
Days to 50 per cent flowering	0.92**	1.12**	60.9
Plant height	0.30*	0.21*	35.0
Number of productive tillers	0.55**	0.60**	54.5
Number of chaffy grains per panicle	0.60**	0.56**	46.7
Number of filled grains per panicle	0.63**	0.52**	41.3
Panicle length	0.41**	0.32**	39.0
Thousand grain weight	0.51**	0.40**	39.2
Single plant yield	0.41**	0.43**	52.4

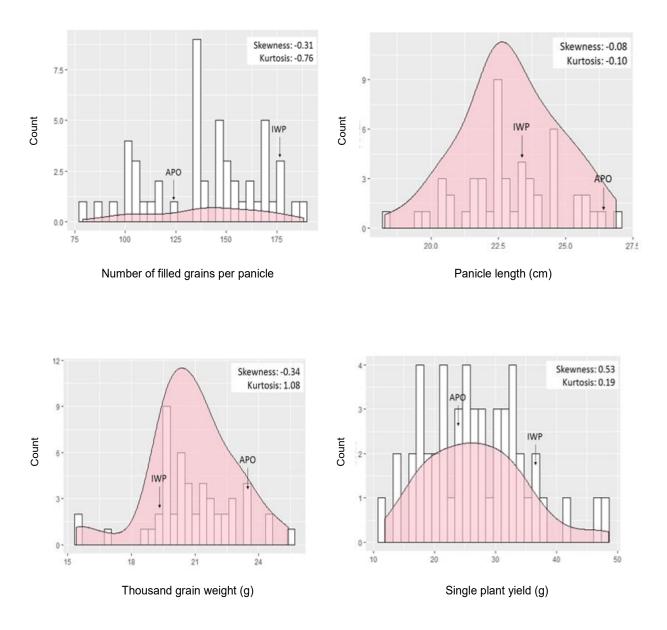


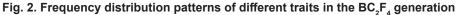
Days to 50 per cent flowering



Plant height (cm)







flowering, plant height and the number of productive tillers by Kavithamani *et al.* (2013) and for panicle length by Lalitha *et al.* (2018). Higher values of regression indicate greater genetic influence and less environmental effects (Palanisamy *et al.*, 2018). Real heritability should be known for the improvement of a trait (Dubey *et al.*, 2019). Regression estimates in this study indicated less environmental influence on these traits and selection based on their phenotypes in these generations is heritable. Parent-progeny regression method is used to know the narrow-sense heritability of the traits which is due to the additive genetic variance (Rani *et al.*, 2021).

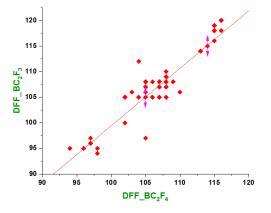
Correlation coefficients were highly significant for the traits days to 50 per cent flowering, the number of productive tillers, the number of chaffy grains per panicle, the number of filled grains per panicle, panicle length, thousand grain weight and single plant yield and significant for the trait plant height. Intergenerational correlation studies help to understand the extent to which the genetic potential of the trait will be transferred to further generations (Kumar *et al.*, 2020; Rani *et al.*, 2021). In the present study, intergenerational correlation coefficient was maximum for days to 50 per cent flowering (0.92) followed by The number of filled grains per panicle (0.63), the number of

productive tillers (0.55), thousand grain weight (0.51) and single plant yield (0.41) showing that these traits have high heritability. Similar positive and significant results for plant height, the number of filled grains per panicle, hundred grain weight and panicle length were obtained by Savitha *et al.* (2015).

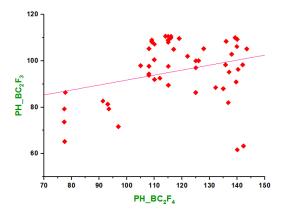
Narrow sense heritability estimated based on parent progeny regression method revealed high heritability for the trait days to 50 per cent flowering (60.9%), the number of productive tillers (54.5%), single plant yield (52.4%), the number of chaffy grains per panicle (46.7%), the number of filled grains per panicle (41.3%), thousand grain weight (39.2%), panicle length (39%)

and plant height (35%). Similar results were obtained by Kavithamani *et al.* (2013).

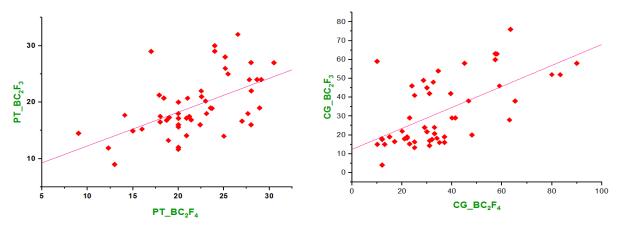
Drought tolerant upland cultivars are generally low tillering and low yielding with bold grains. These donors are crossed with the locally adapted cultivars for improving their drought tolerance. Hence, the developed segregating generations need to be carefully evaluated for improved tolerance for drought without compensating for the high yielding ability of the varieties. In the present study, high values of heritability, correlation and regression coefficients for the traits flowering, number of productive tillers, grain yield indicate that these traits can be used for the selection of elite genotypes in early generations.



Days to 50 per cent flowering



Plant height (cm)



Number of productive tillers

Number of chaffy grains per panicle

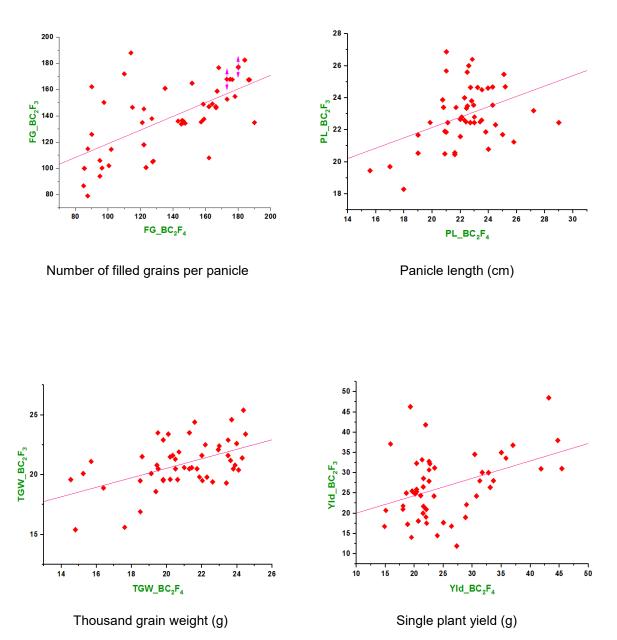




Fig. 3. Parent offspring regression for the quantitative traits

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