Research Article

Combining ability for grain yield and other related traits in bread wheat (*Triticum aestivum* L.)

Anil Kumar Yadav* and Anil Sirohi

Department of Genetics and Plant Breeding, Sardar Vallabh Bhai Patel University of Agricultural Sciences and Technology-Meerut-250110

*Email: anilgenet@gmail.com

(Received:05 May 2011; Accepted:10 Jul 2011)

Abstract:

Combining ability for grain yield and other related characters was studied in 36 F₁s along with 15 parents (12 lines and three testers) which were evaluated in a completely Randomized Block Design (RBD) with three replications during rabi 2005-06. The results indicated that among various lines, line HD 2687 was identified as a good general combiner for the characters days to heading, days to maturity, plant height and biological yield per plant, whereas, Line UP 2338 appeared as a good general combiner for the characters, plant height, tillers per plant, spikelets per ear, spike length, grains per ear and 1000-grain weight. Line 35th IBWSN-4 for days to maturity and harvest index; Line 35th IBWSN-14 for days to maturity, grains per ear and grain yield per plant; 10th HTWYT-47 for days to heading, days to maturity, tillers per plant and grains per ear; 11th HRWYT-7 for the characters spike length, 1000-4th IAT-49 for tillers per plant, plant height and grain weight, harvest index and grain yield per plant and harvest index were identified as good general combiners. Lines 20th SAWSN-18, CPAN 3004 and RD 1008 were identified as good general combiners for days to heading, tillers per plant and biological yield per plant, respectively. Tester PBW 373 emerged as a good general combiner for the characters days to heading and biological yield per plant, whereas, Tester PBW 502 appeared as a good general combiner for the tillers per plant. Out of 36 cross combinations, nine crosses viz. UP 2338/ PBW 502, 4th IAT-49 / PBW 502,11th HRWYT-16/ PBW 343,10th HTWYT-47/ PBW 343, RD 1008/ PBW 373, 35th IBWSN-14/ PBW 502, 20th SAWSN-18/ PBW 343, 35th IBWSN-4/ PBW 502 and CPAN 3004/ PBW 373 emerged with significant positive sca effects for grain yield per plant. The parents involved in these crosses are average x average general combiners and or poor x average combiners except in cross 35th IBWSN-14/ PBW 502 (3.14), which involved good x average general combiners. Desirable specific combining ability of the crosses involving such parents seems to be mainly due to complementation of the genes. Thus these crosses can be exploited for grain yield per plant by using biparental mating system

Key words: Triticum aestivum, combining ability, yield attributes.

Introduction

Wheat is the world's most important food crop. It ranks first among cereals in production and constitutes the staple food of about 36 per cent of the world population. The major and foremost aspect in increasing production and productivity in wheat is adoption of high yielding, disease resistant, photothermotolerant and fertilizer responsive varieties to exploit various genetically important properties such as particular kind of gene actions, heterosis, desirable associations and heritability of important traits and using effective breeding strategies so as to obtain maximum improvement in

the genetic yield potential of wheat. In order to evolve an effective hybridization programme combining ability analysis is used to test the performance of parents in different combinations and characterize the nature and magnitude of gene effects in the expression of quantitative traits. Thus, the main objective of the present investigation was to identify the best combining parents and their crosses on the basis of their general and specific combining abilities. The estimates combing ability variance and effect can give indication of the relative magnitude of genetic variance. These also provide a guideline for selecting



elite parents and desirable cross combinations to be used in formulation of system breeding project for rapid improvement.

Material and methods

The present investigation was carried out during the rabi 2005 – 06 at the Crop Research Centre of Sardar Vallabh Bhai Patel University of Agriculture and Technology, Modipuram, Meerut. The experimental material for present investigation comprised 36 F₁s along with 15 parents (12 lines and three testers). These materials were evaluated in a completely Randomized Block Design (RBD) with three replications during rabi 2005-06. Each of 36 F₁s was planted in one-meter long single row plot and the parents were planted in two rows. The rows were spaced 23 cm apart. The plant-to-plant distance was maintained at 10 cm by proper thinning. The border rows were also planted to neutralize the border effect. Combining ability analysis was carried out following Kempthorne (1957)

Results and discussion

Among various lines, line HD 2687 was identified as a good general combiner for the characters days to heading, days to maturity, plant height and biological yield per plant, whereas, Line UP 2338 appeared as a good general combiner for the characters, plant height, tillers per plant, spikelets per ear, spike length, grains per ear and 1000-grain weight. Line 35th IBWSN-4 for days to maturity and harvest index: Line 35th IBWSN-14 for days to maturity, grains per ear and grain yield per plant; 10th HTWYT-47 for days to heading, days to maturity, tillers per plant and grains per ear; 11th HRWYT-7 for the characters spike length, 1000- grain weight, harvest index and grain yield per plant and 4th IAT-49 for tillers per plant, plant height and harvest index were identified as good general combiners. Lines 20th SAWSN-18, CPAN 3004 and RD 1008 were identified as good general combiners for days to heading, tillers per plant and biological yield per plant, respectively.

The results indicated in Table 1 reveals that the line UP 2338 combines well for the highest number of characters (six) followed by HD 2687,10th HTWYT-47 and 11TH HRWYT-7 with four characters each and the lines 11th HRWYT-3 and 11th HRWYT-16 were good general combiner for none of the characters. Tester PBW 373 emerged as a good general combiner for the characters days to heading and biological yield per plant, whereas, Tester PBW 502 appeared as a good general combiner for the tillers per plant.

The estimates of *gca* effects of the parental lines, including lines and testers, for different characters revealed that none of the parental lines excelled in gca effects either for all the characters studied or at least for all the important yield components studied. This suggested the use of multiple parent participation through multiple crossings to effect substantial improvement in yield and its components. Similar results have been reported by Sharma *et al.* (1978), Kumar *et al.* (1983), Bhullar *et al.* (1988), Nirmal *et al.* (1993) Rajara and Maheshwari (1996) Singh and Singh (2003), Hassani et al. (2005) and Singh *et al.* (2009).

The parents based on high mean performance and highest *gca* effects are presented in Table 2. The *per se* performance of testers showed correspondence with their *gca* effects in case of days to heading, plant height, spike lets per ear, 1000-grain weight and in grain yield per plant. Several workers have suggested that the *per se* performance of parents may be used as basis of selection for identifying the good general combiners for different characters. These results are in conformity with Zubir *et al.* (1987); Raghauvanshi *et al.* (1988); Nirmal *et al.* (1993) and Tosun *et al.* (1995). However, in case of parental lines the best general combiners did not have the highest *per se* mean performance over the character concerned.

Specific combining ability (Table 3) represents the dominance and epistatic types of gene action and it can be related with heterosis. Normally the nonadditive gene effect would not contribute tangibly in the improvement of grain yield in self-pollinated crops, except where the commercial exploitation of heterosis is feasible. In self-pollinated crops, however, the additive x additive type of interaction is also fixable in later generations and can be exploited for the improvement of grain yield and related traits. If crosses showing high sca effects involve, parents which are also good general combiners, these crosses could be exploited by simple methods like pedigree selection, provided the additive x additive component of interaction was significant. Out of 36 cross combinations, nine crosses viz. UP 2338/ PBW 502 (5.73), 4th IAT-49 / PBW 502 (5.01), 11th HRWYT-16/ PBW 343 (4.84), 10th HTWYT-47/ PBW 343 (4.22), RD 1008/ PBW 373 (4.19), 35th IBWSN-14/ PBW 502 (3.14), 20th SAWSN-18/ PBW 343 (2.90), 35th IBWSN-4/ PBW 502 (2.02) and CPAN 3004/ PBW 373 (1.90) emerged with significant positive sca effects for grain yield per plant.

The parents involved in these crosses are average x average general combiners and or poor x average



combiners except in cross 35th IBWSN-14/ PBW 502 (3.14), which involved good x average general combiners. Desirable specific combining ability of the crosses involving such parents seem to be mainly due to complementation of the genes. Thus these crosses can be exploited for grain yield per plant by using biparental mating system as per Joshi and Dhawan (1966).

The crosses 11th HRWYT-16/ PBW 343, RD 1008/ PBW 373, 20th SAWSN-18/ PBW 343 and 35th IBWSN-14/ PBW 502 had high *sca* effects for biological yield per plant and grain yield per plant. Crosses 10th HTWYT-47/ PBW 343 for grains per ear and grain yield per plant; 35th IBWSN-4/ PBW 502 for grain yield per plant and 1000- grain weight; CPAN 3004/ PBW 373 for grains per ear, harvest index and grain yield per plant also had high *sca* effects. All these crosses involve both the parents as average general combiners or one of the parents as good general combiners indicating that non additive type of gene actions, which are unfixable in nature were involved in selected cross combinations.

A close examination of crosses on the basis of best mean performance (Table 4) and *sca* effects revealed that there is close agreement in the performance of cross 11th HRWYT-7/PBW 343 based on their mean performance and highest *sca* value for the characters 1000 grain weight and biological yield per plant. However, for all the other characters studied, the crosses with high *sca* effects were not having high mean values. These findings were supported by Gill (1977), Sheikh and Singh (2000), Josi *et.al.* (2004), Kumar *et al.* (1983); Palve *et al.* (1986) and Thakre *et al.* (1996).

References

- Bhullar, G. S., Nijjar, G. S. and Pannu. D. S. (1988). Combining ability in a diallel cross of diverse durum wheat genotypes. *Crop Improv.* 15 (1): 53 61.
- Gill, K. S. (1977). Breeding for hybrid wheat intragenic complementation. Proc. Ist National Seminar on Genet. And Wheat Improv. Ludhiana. pp 204 210.
- Hassani, M., Saidi, G., Rezai, A. (2005). Estimation of genetic parameters and combining ability for yield and yield component in bread Wheat *Journal science* and technology of Agriculture and natural resources. 9 (1):157-171.
- Joshi, A.B. and N.L.Dhawan (1966). Genetic improvement of yield with refrence to self-pollinated crops. *Indian J. Genet.* 26: 101-113.
- Josi,S.K. sarma, S.N., sighania, D.L. and Sain,R.S.(2004). Combining ability in the F₁ and F₂ generation of diallel cross in hexaploid wheat (Triticum aestivum L. em. thell) Heriditas 141 (2):115-121.

- Kempthorne, O. (1957). An introduction to genetic statistics. John Wiley and Sons. New York. 458 p.
- Kumar, H., Sharma, G. S. and Singh, R. B. (1983). Genotype x environment interaction in relation to combining ability in spring wheat. *Indian J. Genet. Pl. Breed.* 43 (2): 232 238.
- Nirmal, S. C., Sharma, S. K., Singh, K. P., Jitendra, Kumar, Tripathi, I. D. and Kumar, J. (1993). *Annals of Bio. Ludhiana*. 9 (2): 224 229.
- Palve, S. M., Thete, R. T., Dumbre, A. D. and Hapse, R. S. (1986). Heterosis in wheat (*Triticum aestivum* L.) from line x tester analysis. *Current res. Reporter*. Mahatma Phule Agric. Univ., 2 (2): 179 183.
- Raghuvanshi, K. M. S., Singh, S. P., Rao, S. K. and Singh, C. B. (1988). Diallel cross analysis for yield and its components in bread wheat (*Triticum aestivum*). *Indian J. Agric. Sci.* 58 (10): 789 791
- Rajara, M. P. and Maheshwari, R. V. (1996). Combining ability in wheat using line x tester analysis. *Madras Agri. J.* 83 (2): 107 110.
- Sharma, J.C., Ahmad, Z. and Khanna, A.N. (1978). Combining abilities in relation to wheat breeding. *Indian J. Genet* 38: 77-85.
- Sheikh, S.,and Singh, I.,(2000). Combining ability analysis in wheat plant character and harvest index. *Int. J. Trop. Agric.* 18 (1): 29-37.
- Singh, I. and Paroda, R.S.(1985). Partial diallel analysis for combining ability in wheat. *Indian. J. Genet. and Pl. Breeding.* 45: 492 498.
- Singh, S.K. and Singh, R.M. (2003), Gene action and combining ability in relation to development of hybrid in wheat. Annals of agri research, 24 (2): 249-255.
- Singh. Gupta, P.K., and Tiwari, N. (2009). Combining ability analysis for yield quality traits in spring Wheat *Triticum aestivum* (L.) Em Thell. *Progressive Agriculture*, 9 (2): 35-39.
- Thakre, J. M., Vitkare, D. G., Godbole, A. K.and Atale, S. B. 1996. Line x tester analysis in wheat for yield and its traits. *Annals of Pl. Phy.* 10 (1): 99 102.
- Tosun, M., Demir, I., Sever, C. and Gurel, A. (1995). Line x tester analysis in some wheat crosses. *Anadolu*, 5 (2): 52 63.
- Zubir, M., Chudhary, A. R.; Khan, I. A. and Baksh, A. (1987). Combining ability studies in bread wheat (*Triticum aestivum* L.). *Pak. J. Bot*, 19:75 86.



Table 1: Estimates of general combining ability effects of lines and testers with respect to 11 character of bread wheat

Lines/ Testers	Days	Days	Plant	Tillers/	Spike	Spike	Grains/	1000-grain	Biological yield/	Grain	Harvest
	to heading	to	height	plant	lets/ ear	length	ear	weight(g)	plant (g)	yield/plant	Index
		maturity	(cm)			(cm)				(g)	(%)
HD 2687	-2.22 **	-0.96 *	-3.14**	-0.20	-0.23	0.05	0.80	-0.32	5.82**	-1.40*	-6.92**
UP 2338	0.00	1.03 *	-3.72**	0.60*	0.78 *	0.45 *	6.88 **	2.39 **	1.95	0.39	0.42
20 th SAWSN-18	-0.88*	-0.40	4.54 **	-1.73**	0.18	-0.08	-0.84	0.23	2.70	-0.95	-4.29**
35 th IBWSN-4	-0.55	-1.40 **	3.91 **	-1.39**	0.27	-0.57**	1.52	-1.60	-3.72*	0.87	4.64**
35 th IBWSN-14	-0.33	-0.96 *	1.80	-0.58*	0.03	-0.08	5.93 **	0.39	0.77	1.93**	2.57
10 th HTWYT-47	-1.00**	-1.29 **	1.03	1.28**	-0.03	-0.70**	2.28 *	0.06	-0.60	-1.19*	-2.35
CPAN 3004	0.22	-0.18	0.36	0.97**	-0.03	-0.19	0.78	-0.99	-3.71*	-1.52*	0.33
RD 1008	0.22	-0.07	1.96	0.38	-0.14	0.01	-6.73 **	1.34	4.24**	0.76	-1.78
11 th HRWYT-3	2.33 **	2.48 **	-1.92	-0.11	0.18	-0.24	-4.84 **	-2.40 **	-2.67	-0.42	1.41
11 th HRWYT-7	0.44	1.25 **	-2.68	-0.11	-0.19	0.87 **	-1.84 *	3.25 **	1.94	3.63**	5.66**
11 th HRWYT-16	1.00 **	0.70	0.14	-0.29	0.18	0.41	-1.38	-1.88 *	-4.02*	-2.97**	-3.12
4 th IAT-49	0.77 *	-0.18	-2.28*	0.62**	-0.99 **	0.09	-2.58 **	-0.49	-2.73	0.87	3.44*
PBW 343	0.33	0.01	-0.29	-0.26*	-0.01	-0.09	0.48	0.33	0.43	0.12	-0.06
PBW 373	-0.36*	0.34	0.20	-0.09	0.09	0.18	-0.29	0.07	1.74*	0.18	-0.79
PBW 502	0.02	-0.35	0.09	0.35**	-0.08	-0.09	-0.18	-0.40	-2.17**	-0.30	0.85
SE [gi] (<u>+</u>)	0.29	0.38	0.95	0.18	0.25	0.17	0.72	0.62	1.26	0.44	1.29
SE [gj] (<u>+</u>)	0.13	0.16	0.40	0.08	0.11	0.07	0.31	0.27	0.54	0.19	0.55
SE [gi-gj] (<u>+</u>)	0.52	0.67	1.66	0.32	0.43	0.29	1.27	1.09	2.21	0.76	2.25
SE [gi-gj] (<u>+</u>)	0.26	0.33	0.83	0.16	0.21	0.14	0.63	0.54	1.10	0.38	1.12

^{*} significant at 5 % probability level

^{**} significant at 1 % probability level

Table 2: Summary table for general combining ability of parents for different characters

Characters	Days to heading	Days to maturity	Plant height	Tillers /plant	spikelets/e ar	Spike length	Grains /ear	1000- grain	Biological yield/plant	Grain yield	Harvest index
Parents	neading	matarity	neight	/ plant	aı	iciigui	/ Cui	weight	yreid/plant	/plant	macx
Line											
HD 2687	G	G	G	A	A	A	A	A	G	P	P
UP 2338	P	P	G	G	G	G	G	G	A	A	A
20 th SAWSN-18	G	A	P	P	A	A	A	A	A	A	P
35 th IBWSN-4	A	G	P	P	A	P	A	A	P	A	G
35 th IBWSN-14	A	G	A	P	A	A	G	A	A	G	A
10 th HTWYT-47	G	G	A	G	A	P	G	A	A	P	A
CPAN - 3004	A	A	A	G	A	A	A	A	P	P	A
RD 1008	A	A	A	A	A	A	P	A	G	A	A
11 th HRWYT- 3	P	P	A	A	A	A	P	P	A	A	A
11 th HRWYT- 7	A	P	A	A	A	G	P	G	A	G	G
11 th HRWYT-16	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	P	P	P	A
4 th IAT-49	P	A	G	G	G	A	P	A	A	A	G
Tester											
PBW - 343	A	A	A	P	P	A	A	A	A	A	A
PBW – 573	G	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	G	A	A
PBW - 502	A	A	A	G	G	A	A	A	P	A	A

A = Average gca, P = Poor gca, G = Good gca



Table 3: Estimates of specific combining ability effects with respect to 11 characters in common wheat

Lines		Tillers/ plant	t		Grains/ ear	•	1000	0-grain wei	ght (g)
	PBW-	PBW-	PBW-	PBW-	PBW-	PBW-	PBW-	PBW-	PBW-502
	343	373	502	343	373	502	343	373	
HD 2687	0.03	-0.27	0.23	-2.05	0.30	1.74	2.77*	-1.79	-0.98
UP 2338	-1.90**	2.33**	-0.44	1.02	0.77	-1.80	-0.94	0.48	0.46
20 th SAWSN-18	-0.03	-0.80*	0.83*	-1.63	0.86	0.76	-0.78	1.15	-0.37
35 th IBWSN-4	-0.44	0.46	-0.01	-2.22	1.66	0.55	-5.44**	0.65	4.79**
35 th IBWSN-14	0.01	0.18	-0.19	-0.77	1.08	-0.31	1.38	0.15	-1.53
10 th HTWYT-47	-1.11**	0.86*	0.25	3.12*	-5.59**	2.46	-0.78	0.65	0.13
CPAN 3004	0.00	-0.30	0.30	0.62	4.40*	-5.03**	0.10	-0.29	0.18
RD 1008	0.59	0.29	-0.88*	-0.52	-3.29	3.81*	0.77	1.54	-2.31
11 th HRWYT-3	0.15	-0.62	0.48	-4.07*	2.14	1.92	0.11	1.78	-1.90
11 th HRWYT-7	1.41**	-1.82**	0.41	6.76**	-2.29	-4.46**	3.03*	-3.63**	0.60
11 th HRWYT-16	0.28	0.25	-0.52	-1.43	-1.00	2.43	1.83	-1.40	-0.42
4 th IAT-49	1.01*	-0.55	-0.46	1.16	0.93	-2.10	-2.05	0.70	1.35
Sij		0.55		1	1.55			0.38	
Sij- Skl	(0.92		2	2.20			1.90	

^{*} Significant at 5 % probability level ** Significant at 1 % probability level

	Biolog	ical yield/p	lant (g)	Grai	n yield /pla	nt (g)	Harvest index (%)		
	PBW-	PBW-	PBW-	PBW-	PBW-	PBW-	PBW-	PBW-	PBW-
	343	373	502	343	373	502	343	373	502
HD 2687	3.02	-6.20*	3.18	-0.13	0.53	-0.39	-2.08	4.92	-2.84
UP 2338	-19.87**	15.82**	4.06	-5.90**	0.17	5.73**	4.80	-10.51**	5.71*
20 th SAWSN-18	6.44*	-1.93	-4.51	2.90**	-0.90	-2.00*	0.66	-0.42	-0.25
35 th IBWSN-4	-2.83	0.50	2.34	-2.59**	0.57	2.02*	-2.80	0.04	2.76
35 th IBWSN-14	-6.02*	-0.88	6.91*	-0.86	-2.28**	3.14**	3.52	-3.61	0.09
10 th HTWYT-47	3.54	7.80**	-11.34**	4.22**	1.67	-5.89**	4.94	-2.47	-2.47
CPAN 3004	-2.31	-3.58	5.88*	0.08	1.90*	-1.99*	1.30	6.41*	-7.71**
RD 1008	-4.29	11.76**	-7.46**	-1.69	4.19**	-2.50**	0.23	-1.42	1.19
11 th HRWYT-3	3.09	-1.48	-1.61	1.46	0.16	-1.62	0.36	1.49	-1.85
11 th HRWYT-7	9.97**	-9.94**	-0.03	-0.93	-0.04	0.97	-9.79**	8.17**	1.62
11 th HRWYT-16	5.66*	-6.13*	0.47	4.84**	-2.36**	-2.48**	4.61	0.03	-4.64
4 th IAT-49	3.61	-5.73*	2.12	-1.40	-3.60**	5.01**	-5.75*	-2.64	8.39**
Sij		2.70			0.93			1.82	
Sij- Skl		3.82			1.32			6.73	

^{*}Significant at 5 % probability level ** Significant at 1 % probability level



Electronic Journal of Plant Breeding, 2(3):303-309 (Sep 2011) ISSN 0975-928X

Table 4: Parental lines with the highest mean and general combining ability effects together with crosses with highest mean and sca effects

Characters		Parents		Crosses			
		Highest mean	High gca	Highest mean	High sca		
Days to heading	Line	11 th HRWYT –7	HD 2687	11 th HRWYT-3 /PBW	_		
	Tester	PBW 373	PBW 373	343			
Days to maturity	Line	UP 2338	35 th IBWSN-4	11 th HRWYT-3	_		
	Tester	PBW 343	PBW 502	/PBW343			
Plant height	Line	20 th SAWSN-18	UP 2338	20 th SAWSN-	_		
	Tester	PBW 343	PBW 343	18/PBW343			
Tillers per plant	Line	20 th SAWSN-18	10 th HTWYT- 47	4 th IAT-49/ PBW 343	UP 2338/ PBW 343		
	Tester	PBW 373	PBW 502				
Spikelets /ear	Line	10 th HTWYT-47	UP 2338	CPAN - 3004/ PBW	_		
	Tester	PBW 373	PBW 373	343			
Spike length	Line	4 th IAT-49	11 th HRWYT- 7	11 th HRWYT-7/PBW	_		
1 0	Tester	PBW 343	PBW 373	343			
Grains per ear	Line	CPAN - 3004	UP 2338	UP 2338/ PBW 343	11 th HRWYT- 7/ PBW		
1	Tester	PBW 502	PBW 343		343		
1000-grain	Line	HD 2687	11 th HRWYT- 7	11 th HRWYT-7/PBW	11 th HRWYT- 7/ PBW		
weight	Tester	PBW 343	PBW 343	343	343		
Biological yield	Line	35 th IBWSN-14	HD 2687	11 th HRWYT-7/PBW	11 th HRWYT- 7/ PBW		
/plant	Tester	PBW 502	PBW 373	343	343		
Grain yield /	Line	RD 1008	11 th HRWYT- 7	10 th HTWYT-	11 th HRWYT-16/ PBW		
plant	Tester	PBW 373	PBW 373	47/PBW343	502		
Harvest index	Line	4 th IAT-49	11 th HRWYT- 7	35 th IBWSN-	CPAN - 3004/ PBW 373		
(%)			PBW 502	14/PBW343			